## **Amendment to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (previously presented): A compound represented by structure I

$$R^{2}$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 

wherein

R is an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an aryl group, or heteroaryl group;

R<sup>1</sup> is independently -H, -OH or -O-Pg; R<sup>2</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, or -NH-Pg; R<sup>3</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, or-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg;  $R^5$  is -OH, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, or -OPO<sub>2</sub>HR<sup>a</sup>, where  $R^a$  is hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy, phenyl, phenoxy, p-halophenyl, p-halophenoxy, p-nitrophenyl, p-nitrophenoxy, benzyl, benzyloxy, p-halobenzyl, p-halobenzyloxy, p-nitrobenzyl, or p-nitrobenzyloxy;  $R^6$  is -H, -OH, or -OSO<sub>3</sub>H;  $R^7$  is -H or -CH<sub>3</sub>;  $R^4$  and  $R^8$  are independently, hydrogen, or hydroxy and at least one of  $R^4$  and  $R^8$  is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -O-Pg, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-Pg, -OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, or a second sugar moiety consisting of one to three sugar units selected from the group consisting of

and mixtures thereof, wherein  $R^{9a}$  is -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9b}$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9c}$  is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-Pg, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, or -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg, where  $R^a$  is as defined above, and no more than one  $R^9$  is

represented by said second sugar moiety; and each Pg is independently a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

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Claim 2 (original): The compound of Claim 1 wherein R is

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array}$$

where A, B, C and D are independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylthio, halo, or-O- $(CH_2)_m$ - $[O-(CH_2)_n]_p$ -O- $(C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl) or -O- $(CH_2)_q$ -X-E; m is 2, 3 or 4; n is 2, 3 or 4; p is 0 or 1; q is 2, 3 or 4; X is pyrrolidino, piperidino or piperazino; and E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylmethyl.

Claim 3 (original): The compound of claim 2 wherein  $R^1$  is hydroxy at each occurrence;  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^7$  are each methyl; R is a moiety of the formula

 $R^4$  is hydroxy;  $R^3$  is  $-OPO_2HR^a$ , where  $R^a$  is  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy;  $R^8$  is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9 \longrightarrow R^9$$
 or  $R^9 \longrightarrow R^9$ ; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 4 (original): The compound of claim 3 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy; R is a moiety of the formula

where D is hydrogen or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkoxy; R<sup>8</sup> is a moiety of the formula

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, or a moiety of the formula

where  $R^{9b}$  is  $-OPO_2R^a$ ,  $-OSO_3H$ , -H,  $-NH_2$ , -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg and n is 1, 2, or 3; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 5 (currently amended): The compound of claim 4 wherein D is n-pentoxy; and  $R^9$  is and  $R^{9a}$  are independently hydroxy or amino; and  $R^{9b}$  is -OH or -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ ; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 6 (currently amended): The compound of claim 5 wherein R<sup>9</sup> is hydroxy at each occurrence; and R<sup>9b</sup> is OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup> is methyl or methoxy; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 7 (original): A pharmaceutical formulation comprising one or more pharmaceutical carriers, diluents, or excipients and a compound of claim 1.

Claim 8 (previously presented): A method of inhibiting fungal activity comprising administering to a recipient in need of such inhibition an effective amount of a compound represented by structure I:

$$R^{2}$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $O$ 
 $N$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{8}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{7}$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{7}$ 
 $O$ 
 $R^{1}$ 

wherein R is an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an aryl group, or heteroaryl group; R<sup>1</sup> is independently -H, -OH or -O-Pg; R<sup>2</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, or -NH-Pg; R<sup>3</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub> - CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, or-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg; R<sup>5</sup> is -OH, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, or - OPO<sub>2</sub>HR<sup>a</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup> is hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, phenyl, phenoxy, *p*-halobenzyl, *p*-halobenzyl oxy, *p*-nitrobenzyl, *p*-nitrobenzyloxy; R<sup>6</sup> is -H, -OH, or -OSO<sub>3</sub>H; R<sup>7</sup> is -H or -CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently, hydrogen, or hydroxy and at least one of R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -O-Pg, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-Pg, -OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, or a second sugar moiety consisting of one to three sugar units selected from the group consisting of

and mixtures thereof, wherein  $R^{9a}$  is -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9b}$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9c}$  is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-Pg, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, or -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg, where  $R^a$  is as defined above, and no more than one  $R^9$  is represented by said second sugar moiety; and each Pg is independently a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Claim 9 (original): The method of Claim 8 wherein R is

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\$$

where A, B, C and D are independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylthio, halo, or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-[O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>]<sub>p</sub>-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl) or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-X-E; m is 2, 3 or 4; n is 2, 3 or 4; p is 0 or 1; q is 2, 3 or 4; X is pyrrolidino, piperidino or piperazino; and E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylmethyl.

Claim 10 (original): The method of claim 8 wherein the recipient is a human.

Claim 11 (original): The method of claim 9 wherein R' is hydroxy at each occurrence;  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^7$  are each methyl; R is a moiety of the formula

 $R^4$  is hydroxy;  $R^5$  is  $-OPO_2HR^a$ , where  $R^a$  is  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy;  $R^8$  is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 10 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy; R is a moiety of the formula

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where D is hydrogen or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkoxy; R<sup>8</sup> is a moiety of the formula

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, or a moiety of the formula

$$R^{9b} \overbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} R^{9a} & R^{9a} \\ R^{9a} \end{bmatrix}_{n}}^{O}$$

where R<sup>9b</sup> is -OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -0-Pg, or -NH-Pg and n is 1, 2, or 3; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 13 (currently amended): The method of claim 12 wherein D is n-phenoxy; and  $R^9$  is and  $R^{9a}$  are independently hydroxy or amino; and  $R^{9b}$  is -OH or -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ ; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 14 (currently amended): The method of claim 13 wherein R<sup>9</sup> is hydroxy at each occurrence; and R<sup>9b</sup> is OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup> is methyl or methoxy; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 15 (original): The method according to Claim 8 wherein the fungal activity arises from one or more fungi selected from the group consisting of *Candida albicans*, *Aspergillus fumigatis*, and *Candida parapsilosis*.

Claim 16 (previously presented): A method of inhibiting parasitic activity comprising administering to a recipient in need of such inhibition an effective amount of a compound represented by structure I:

$$R^{2}$$
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{6}$ 
 $R^{8}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{8}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{1}$ 

wherein R is an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an aryl group, or heteroaryl group; R<sup>1</sup> is independently -H, -OH or -O-Pg; R<sup>2</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, or -NH-Pg; R<sup>3</sup> is -H, -CH<sub>3</sub> - CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, or-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg; R<sup>5</sup> is -OH, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, or - OPO<sub>2</sub>HR<sup>a</sup>, where R<sup>a</sup> is hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, phenyl, phenoxy, *p*-halobenzyl, *p*-halobenzyl oxy, *p*-nitrobenzyl, *p*-nitrobenzyloxy; R<sup>6</sup> is -H, -OH, or -OSO<sub>3</sub>H; R<sup>7</sup> is -H or -CH<sub>3</sub>; R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently, hydrogen, or hydroxy and at least one of R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -O-Pg, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-Pg, -OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, or a second sugar moiety consisting of one to three sugar units selected from the group consisting of

and mixtures thereof, wherein  $R^{9a}$  is -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9b}$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9c}$  is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-Pg, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, or -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg, where  $R^a$  is as defined above, and no more than one  $R^9$  is represented by said second sugar moiety; and each Pg is independently a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Claim 17 (original): The method of Claim 16 wherein R is

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where A, B, C and D arc independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylthio, halo, or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-[O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>]<sub>p</sub>-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl) or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-X-E, m is 2, 3 or 4; n is 2, 3 or 4; p is 0 or 1; q is 2, 3 or 4; X is pyrrolidino, piperidino or piperazino: and E is hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylmethyl.

Claim 18 (original): The method of claim 16 wherein the recipient is a human.

Claim 19 (original): The method of claim 17 wherein  $R^1$  is hydroxy at each occurrence;  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^7$  are each methyl; R is a moiety of the formula

 $R^4$  is hydroxy;  $R^5$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub>HR<sup>a</sup>, where  $R^a$  is  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy;  $R^8$  is a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

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Claim 20 (original): The method of claim 19 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy; R is a moiety of the formula

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where D is hydrogen or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkoxy; R<sup>8</sup> is a moiety of the formula

where R<sup>9</sup> is independently hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, or a moiety of the formula

where R<sup>9b</sup> is -OPO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>a</sup>, -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg and n is

1, 2, or 3; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 21 (currently amended): The method of claim 20 wherein D is n-pentoxy; and  $R^9$  is and  $R^{9a}$ -are independently hydroxy or amino; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 22 (currently amended) The method of claim 21 wherein  $R^9$  is hydroxy at each occurrence; and  $R^{9b}$  is  $OPO_2R^a$ , where  $R^a$  is methyl or methoxy; or a pharmaceutical salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 23 (original): The method according to Claim 16 wherein the parasitic activity arises from *Pneumocystis carinii*.

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Claim 24 (previously presented): The compound of claim 1, wherein the Pg of -O-Pg is a hydroxy protecting group, the Pg of -NH-Pg is an amino protecting group, the Pg of -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH-Pg is an amino protecting group and the Pg of -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg is a carboxy protecting group.

Claim 25 (previously presented): The method of claim 8 or 16, wherein the Pg of -O-Pg is a hydroxy protecting group, the Pg of -NH-Pg is an amino protecting group, the Pg of -CH<sub>2</sub>CONH-Pg is an amino protecting group and the Pg of -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg is a carboxy protecting group.

Claim 26 (new): The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

where  $R^9$  is independently -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -O-Pg, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-Pg, -OP $\dot{O}_2R^a$ , or a second sugar moiety consisting of one to three sugar units selected from the group consisting of

and mixtures thereof, wherein  $R^{9a}$  is -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9b}$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9c}$  is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-Pg, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, or -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg, where  $R^a$  is as defined above, and no more than one  $R^9$  is represented by said second sugar moiety; and each Pg is independently a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Clam 27 (new): The compound of Claim 26 wherein R is

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array}$$

where A, B, C and D are independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylthio, halo, or-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-[O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>]<sub>p</sub>-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl) or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-X-E; m is 2, 3 or 4; n is 2, 3 or 4; p is 0 or 1; q is 2, 3 or 4; X is pyrrolidino, piperidino or piperazino; and E is

hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylmethyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

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28 (new): The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R^1$  is hydroxy at each occurrence;  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^7$  are each methyl; R is a moiety of the formula

 $R^3$  is  $-OPO_2HR^a$ , and where  $R^a$  is  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Claim 29 (new): The compound of claim 28 wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy; R is a moiety of the formula

where D is hydrogen or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkoxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.

Claim 30 (new): The method of claim 8, wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently a sugar moiety of the formula

$$R^9$$
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 
 $R^9$ 

where  $R^9$  is independently -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -O-Pg, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH-Pg, -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , or a second sugar moiety consisting of one to three sugar units selected from the group consisting of

and mixtures thereof, wherein  $R^{9a}$  is -H, -OH, -N<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9b}$  is -OPO<sub>2</sub> $R^a$ , -OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -H, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -OH, -O-Pg, or -NH-Pg,  $R^{9c}$  is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>3</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH-Pg, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-Pg, -CO<sub>2</sub>H, or -CO<sub>2</sub>-Pg, where  $R^a$  is as defined above, and no more than one  $R^9$  is represented by said second sugar moiety; and each Pg is independently a protecting group; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Clam 31 (new): The method of claim 30, wherein R is

where A, B, C and D are independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkylthio, halo, or-O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-[O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>]<sub>p</sub>-O-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> alkyl) or -O-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-X-E; m is 2, 3 or 4; n is 2, 3 or 4; p is 0 or 1; q is 2, 3 or 4; X is pyrrolidino, piperidino or piperazino; and E is

hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_{12}$  alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or  $C_3$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkylmethyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

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32 (new): The method of claim 31, wherein  $R^1$  is hydroxy at each occurrence;  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^7$  are each methyl; R is a moiety of the formula

 $R^3$  is  $-OPO_2HR^a$ , and where  $R^a$  is  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl or  $C_1-C_4$  alkoxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, hydrate, or solvate thereof.

Claim 33 (new): The method of claim 32, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydroxy; R is a moiety of the formula

where D is hydrogen or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub> alkoxy; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof.